



THE GETTYSBURG TIMES.



SIXTEENTH YEAR

GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, APRIL 8th, 1918.

PRICE TWO CENTS

MISSING YOUTH FOUND IN TEXAS

No Question now that this is Real William Timmins. End to Long Search.

MOTHER WILL GO TO HIM

Planning to Leave in Few Days. Whereabouts during Long Absence not Made Known.

William Timmins is found. The Gettysburg youth who disappeared so mysteriously from Pittsburgh on April 25th last, is in Texas. A former resident of town has written to his mother, Mrs. C. M. Wolf, telling of meeting young Timmins and also telling where she can find him. On the back of the letter there is written, "Hello, Dear Mother, William", and the handwriting is unmistakably that of the missing young man.

This glad news came in this morning's mail and Mrs. Wolf and the relatives and friends of the young man are more than delighted over it. One clue after another has been run down, the best detectives obtainable were employed to no avail, and for almost a year the situation was one of mystery to the community and worry to the family. The latter came from an entirely unexpected source but one which is thoroughly reliable and there can be no question about the boy being located.

Early in the year of 1917 William Timmins went to Pittsburgh to accept a position of trust with the Dunlevy Packing Company. He lived there with his uncle, Mr. Cannon, who holds a responsible position with the same company. Timmins was getting along nicely at his work when, on April 25th last, he left the home of his uncle about noon saying that he was going to purchase a suit. While on this errand he telephoned to a friend that he would meet him at a moving picture show in a short while. He failed to keep the appointment and no trace was found of him from that time on until to-day.

One story after another was circulated about the probable whereabouts of the missing man. The most recent was brought a few weeks ago when a soldier on one of the truck trains told of meeting a man by the name of William Timmins at Elko, Nevada. He claimed the man gave this name and said he was from Gettysburg. The description tallied with that of the missing youth and letters were immediately sent but no reply has been received.

To-day, however, came the good news from Texas. The letter which told of Timmins' whereabouts gave the reason for his disappearance which the mother regards as entirely sufficient excuse for his sudden departure. Nothing whatever is told about where he went since he left Pittsburgh, nor is there any indication of what he is doing now.

The former Gettysburgian who writes of Timmins' whereabouts is entirely reliable, and, as noted above, the handwriting in the greetings to the mother is without question that of her son.

Mrs. Wolf is making arrangements to leave on Wednesday, for Texas.

FOUR AT HOSPITAL

Soldiers from Camp Colt under Treatment at Chambersburg.

Four soldiers from Camp Colt are under treatment at the Chambersburg hospital. All are getting along well except Sergeant Porter, of the Quartermaster Detachment, who is critically ill with pneumonia. He had fully recovered from the effects of his attack of diphtheria last winter, when he was taken ill.

FOR SALE: Prairie State incubator; also chick brooders. White Leghorn eggs for hatching. L. D. Plank, R2, Gettysburg, Pa. Phone 637-E.—advertisement 1

H. B. Bender will have sale of second-hand furniture on Saturday, April 13, at Court House.—advertisement 1

LOST: automobile license No. 166609, between Gettysburg and Bonnevill. Return to Times office.—advertisement 1

LOST: lady's bead trimmed hand bag. Reward if returned to 304 W. Middle St.—advertisement 1

WANTED: woman for general housework. Inquire Times.—advertisement 1

ANOTHER COUNTY BOY GIVES LIFE

Wilford Rupprecht, with Home in South-eastern End, Dies on Field of Battle.

MOTHER GETS TELEGRAM

Details Lacking. Mother is Widow and has Two Children, the Older only Sixteen.

Another Adams County boy has given his life in action overseas. He is Wilford Rupprecht, son of Mrs. Emma Rupprecht, of near McSherrystown, who received this telegram Saturday night:

Washington, D. C., April 6th. Deeply regret to inform you that Private Wilford Rupprecht was killed in action April 3d. McCain, Adj. Gen.

Young Rupprecht was only nineteen years of age. Last June he enlisted at the Hanover recruiting office and was sent to Gettysburg where he was assigned to the Seventh Infantry. Later when the Trench Mortar Battery was formed, he was transferred to this command and left with it when it departed from Gettysburg late in the fall. He sailed for France during December.

Before his enlistment young Rupprecht was employed at the factory of the Hanover Shoe Company.

His father is dead and he leaves his mother, a brother, Raymond, aged 15; and a sister Emma, aged 16. He is a nephew of Chief of Police Crabbs, of Hanover, where the family formerly lived, but they have since moved to the Adams County side of the dividing line.

This is the second Adams County to be killed in action in France. The first was Private William Gehring who fell several weeks ago. He was from New Oxford.

MEETINGS

Organizations with Various Objects to Hold Sessions.

The next big event in the local Liberty Loan drive will be the convention in the Court House Tuesday evening of all members of the advisory committee, the sub-chairmen, captains, lieutenants, and all others engaged in furthering the drive.

A meeting of the Federated Churches of Gettysburg will be held in the United Brethren church at eight o'clock this evening. It will be the regular monthly session. Business of importance will be transacted.

St. James Mite Society will meet with Mrs. Harry Rupp, West Middle street, Tuesday evening at 7:30.

WANT FARMERS' NAMES

Mills Get Instructions from Food Administration.

Adams County millers have received a bulletin from the United States Food Administration which contains this paragraph:

"I directly request you to furnish me a list of names, with post office addresses of all farmers holding 100 bushels of wheat or over who would naturally market same through you."

UNCLAIMED LETTERS

Letters for the following remain unclaimed at the post office: Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Fletcher, Rev. Robert Griffin, Jr., Charles K. Jonas, Miss Effie Kump, Mrs. Laura Bell Lott, Mrs. Ella Myers, William Plank, Mrs. Susan Currans, E. S. Samnell, Mrs. William Smith, William C. Yeager.

PUBLIC SALE: Tuesday, April 9th, at my residence in Mt. Joy township. Horses, cattle, hogs, farming machinery, household goods. Sale to start at 1:00 o'clock. Walter A. Morelock.—advertisement 1

WANTED: working housekeeper, small family, convenient house, no outside work. Mrs. E. S. Large, Orrtanna, Pa.—advertisement 1

ICE BOX wanted: Will buy a large sized ice box or refrigerator. Geo. C. Fissel, Masonic Building.—advertisement 1

SEVEN rooms for rent. Fine location. Apply by letter, Care of Mrs. Chas. Haner.—advertisement 1

BOY wanted to learn tailor trade. John W. Brehm.—advertisement 1

FARM for rent. Apply W. A. Taughnbaugh, 128 York St.—advertisement 1

FLYING START TO LOAN DRIVE HERE

One-Tenth of Allotment in Voluntary Subscriptions. Hold Flag Raising.

BIGLERVILLE GETS QUOTA

Exercises in Square and Court House well Attended. College Battalion in Fine Showing.

At two o'clock this afternoon Liberty Loan headquarters reported that the total sales of bonds up to that time had amounted to \$137,000.

Adams County's Third Liberty Loan campaign got away to a flying start Saturday when banks in the various towns reported sales of \$115,000 worth of the securities. This is more than ten per cent of the county's allotment of \$1,069,530. The announcement came as the crowning feature of the flag raising in Centre Square which marked the formal opening of the campaign here.

Biglerville set the pace for all the other Adams County towns by raising more than its quota of \$16,140 the first day. The total sales in the town alone were \$16,400.

Saturday evening's events in Gettysburg composed a fitting celebration of the first anniversary of America's entrance into the great war. The exercises in the Square were attended by hundreds of people, patriotism ran high, and the program was a complete success. Another meeting in the Court House later in the evening was addressed by Lieutenant Newson, of the British Recruiting Service, and he was heard by an audience that filled every available space.

The arrival of the battalion of the R. O. T. C. from college marked the opening of the out-door exercises. Their band led the column which was at its best, and on all sides the most favorable comment was heard on the boys' soldierly bearing and the manner in which they were maneuvered in the Square.

Dr. Granville presided at the ceremonies, and after music by the students' band, a large flag was raised to the top of the eighty foot pole by little Miss Berenice Strasbaugh, daughter of E. F. Strasbaugh, who donated the flagstaff. "The Star Spangled Banner" was played as the flag was drawn up and floated away gracefully in the southern breeze. Then Dr. Granville announced that the first day of the loan campaign had yielded \$115,000, practically all of which was in voluntary subscriptions as the house-to-house personal canvass will not be started for several days.

As he announced the accomplishment of the day, an electrically lighted device showing what had been done was raised part way up the pole and this will be used throughout the campaign to indicate the progress made from day to day.

Rev. Paul Ried Pontius made the principal address of the evening, the band played "Keep the Home Fires Burning", and the exercises were at a close.

In the Court House later, C. E. Stahl, Esq., presided. Dr. Granville explained the Liberty Loan and Lieutenant Newson spoke.

Lieutenant Newson spent the greater part of three years on the Western Front where he was gassed and wounded. He told of his trip across No Man's Land at night when he was struck in the leg by rifle fire, and of a two hour struggle to get back to a place of comparative safety.

He spoke with the utmost confidence of the repulse of the present German offensive, and told of Great Britain's war activities which he said, among other things, nullified any claims of success through the capture of Allied guns.

The speaker endeavored to impress upon the people the necessity for keeping cheerful at home. "It is the people at home who make of the war a success or a failure," he said, and told how gloomy letters from home worry the soldiers, how they affect their efficiency, and how necessary it is that only the most pleasant sort of things be recounted.

Lieutenant Newson spoke for less than a half hour, telling his audience that he was talking under difficulties, as he was "standing on one foot, and talking with one lung".

He was very well received and many persons took advantage of the opportunity to meet him at the close of the address.

A collection for the benefit of Red Cross work amounted to \$22.00.

MANY TAKEN BY HAND OF DEATH

Squire Sneeringer Falls Victim to Attack of Pleurisy. Other County Deaths.

TIMES OF THE FUNERALS

Soldier who was with Quartermaster Detachment Dies from Pneumonia. Here for Months.

WILLIAM MCCAFFREY

Private William McCaffrey, for some months a member of the Quartermaster's Detachment here, died last week at the city hospital in Allentown from pneumonia. He was in Gettysburg until the latter part of December when he was transferred to the Allentown training camp.

Stricken there, he made a brave fight to get well in order to go to his home before Easter but his condition at camp became so serious that he was removed to the city hospital. His parents and members of the family were with him for several days before he died.

Private McCaffrey, who made a number of friends during his stay in Gettysburg, was one of the first young men of the Hazleton region to enlist upon the outbreak of the war. He was assigned to Gettysburg shortly after his enlistment. A Hazleton paper in telling of his death says:

"He was a widely known young man with a legion of friends who will be grieved to learn of his death".

Members of the Quartermaster's Detachment here were promptly notified of their former comrade's death.

HENRY J. SNEERINGER

Henry J. Sneeringer died on Saturday at his home in Mt. Pleasant township after an illness from pleurisy, aged 75 years, 2 months, and 6 days.

Mr. Sneeringer was born in that township and was widely known. For eighteen years he was a school director, and for twenty four years a justice of the peace, holding the latter office at the time of his death. He was also one of the directors of the Adams County Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

He leaves his wife who, before marriage, was Miss Cleopha Marshall. He also leaves two daughters and a son, Miss Mary Sneeringer, Miss Elizabeth Sneeringer, and Harry Sneeringer, all at home. He also leaves a brother and two sisters, Francis Sneeringer and Mrs. Mary Hawn, of Bonneauville; and Mrs. Matilda Little, of Midway.

Funeral Tuesday morning, April 9th, with a requiem high mass in St. Joseph's church, Bonneauville. Interment in the church cemetery.

VINCENT H. ADAMS

Vincent H. Adams, formerly of McSherrystown, died at the National Soldiers' Home, Dayton, Ohio, last Wednesday, aged 71 years, 2 months, and 22 days.

He was a veteran of the Civil War, and for a number of years has lived at the National Home, Dayton, Ohio. He was born in McSherrystown, and was a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Elias Adams.

He leaves two sisters, Mrs. George Perego, Baltimore, and Miss Matilda Adams, McSherrystown.

Interment was made at the Soldiers' Home.

RALPH MCCREARY

Ralph McCreary, of Fairfield, died in the Harrisburg Hospital, Sunday as the result of a carbuncle at the base of the brain, aged 27 years, 10 months, 13 days.

Funeral services in the Reformed Church, Fairfield, Wednesday morning at 10:00 o'clock, Rev. D. W. Words officiating. Interment in Lower Marsh Creek cemetery.

He leaves his father, Warner McCreary, of Fairfield, and one sister, Miss Ethel McCreary, of Hershey.

MRS. LEWIS DILLER

Mrs. Catherine Diller, widow of Lewis Diller, died Friday evening at 6 o'clock at her home in Hanover from peritonitis, aged 78 years, 11 months, and 22 days.

She leaves two daughters, Mrs. Mary Blettner and Mrs. Harvey C. Wiernan, of Hanover; Mrs. Henry Bair, near Littlestown, and two brothers, Jesse Eppelman, of Littlestown, and Henry Eppelman, of LaBott, York County.

Funeral this afternoon in Hanover.

WANTED: twenty five men. Reaser Furniture Company.—advertisement 1

NEW PASTOR IN FIRST SERVICE

Methodist Congregation Hears Rev. F. H. Brunstetter on Sunday Morning.

THEME A GREAT CHURCH

New Minister Has Good Presence and Forceful Manner. Tells of Mission of Christian Religion.

Preaching his first sermon in Gettysburg, Rev. F. H. Brunstetter newly appointed pastor of the local Methodist charge, on Sunday took as the subject "What Constitutes a Great Church." He said in part:

"There are some who believe that a massive structure, striking in architecture, and imposing in appearance constitutes a great church. Others believe that a large congregation is necessary, still others that the wealth of members is the basis on which the greatness of a church should be judged, and some think that the fact that the membership is composed of the cultured or intellectual makes a church great. All these things contribute, but they are by no means the basis for deciding that a Christian church is fulfilling its mission."

"The great church must be an aggressive church. We have a mighty creed which we believe, and with the strength it gives us there is no reason why wonderful results cannot be accomplished. It has been said that, if the Christian churches of the world had risen, they could have prevented this great war."

"The soldiers of the United States know that back of them are all the wealth, all the natural resources, all the mental power of this great country, and, knowing that, they are not afraid to go over the top when the time comes. The members of the Christian church, knowing the support they have from above and the strength of their organization, should stop at nothing."

"The great church must be a testifying church. I have heard that in some Methodist churches class meeting is no longer held. The real Christian should delight in telling his own religious experiences and by his conversation and by his life should constantly testify that he has been with Christ."

"The great church must be a fruitful church, a place where men are saved. There are churches where not a convert is gained from one year's end to the other. Such church is a disgrace to itself and a travesty on the religion it represents. There are so many people who can be reached. I doubt not that there are many men in your town who would make fine soldiers, but they are not in the army; and there are likely many who would make fine Christians but they are not in the church. You are either a Christian or you are not. There is no middle ground."

"The successful church must be a prayerful church. You and I to be soul winners must tarry long at the throne of grace. And a sense of dependence on heaven must be constantly with us."

"We must build on our past accomplishments for higher things and go on and on until we can believe that we are accomplishing our mission in the world."

Rev. Mr. Brunstetter is a clear, forceful speaker. He has an excellent voice and a pleasing personality. His congregation and others who attended the service were very favorably impressed.

FINE pansies all in bloom, fresh from greenhouse Tuesday morning. Now is the time to plant them, sixty cents per dozen. Gettysburg Department Store.—advertisement 1

FOR RENT: eight room house, all conveniences—first class location, in Gettysburg. Apply Martin Winter.—advertisement 1

OLD fashioned dance: Xavier Hall, Monday evening, April 8th. Gettysburg orchestra. Everybody invited.—advertisement 1

FOR RENT: six room furnished house, 248 East Middle street.—advertisement 1

WANTED: twenty five men. Gettysburg Furniture Company.—advertisement 1

FOR SALE: seven room dwelling house in Orrtanna. Clement Wolford, Orrtanna.—advertisement 1

SECOND VICTIM OF AUTO MISHAP

Walter Bentzel Dies as Result of Grade Crossing Accident at York Road.

ANOTHER LIKELY TO DIE

Bentzel was Unconscious to the End. Concussion of the Brain was Cause of Death.

Walter L. Bentzel, aged 17 years, died Sunday afternoon at 5:20 o'clock in the York hospital from injuries sustained on Friday afternoon, when the automobile of J. L. Wagner was struck by a Western Maryland freight train, at York Roads station, near Hanover.

Wagner, in company with Bentzel and Samuel H. Smith, all of York, were on their way to Lineboro, where they had intended to spend the day, when the accident occurred. Smith was killed outright and Wagner and Bentzel were seriously injured and taken to the York hospital. Bentzel suffered concussion of the brain and never regained consciousness.

He leaves his father and the following sisters and brothers: Wilbert Bentzel, Riverside, N. J.; Ervin Bentzel, Philadelphia; Mrs. George Hoffman, Clawson, Mich.; Carrie Bentzel, Riverside, N. J.; Jennie Bentzel, North York, and Melvin Bentzel, at home.

Funeral services will be held at the father's residence on Wednesday afternoon, at 1 o'clock. The Rev. G. W. Enders, Jr., Lutheran pastor of Neiman's Union church, will officiate. Interment will take place at Neiman's cemetery.

The condition of J. L. Wagner is reported at the hospital to be serious.

HUTCHISON—WIBLE

Pretty Evening Wedding Ceremony at Home Near Town.

A very pretty wedding took place at the Wible home on the Emmitsburg Road, Saturday evening when Rosa Jane Wible, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Wible, was married to Arthur E. Hutchison.

The bride wore a gown of mist grey crepe de chine with a French corsage bouquet. She was attended by her sister, Frances, and given away by her brother, Charles.

The bridegroom's attendant was Earl Deatrick. The wedding party entered the living room as the Mendelssohn wedding march was played by Miss Grace Adams, of Carlisle. The ceremony was solemnized before a bank of ferns and evergreen by Rev. J. R. Hutchison, of New Cumberland, the grandfather of the bridegroom.

Refreshments were served after which the newlyweds left on a wedding trip. There were seventy guests present.

The bride and bridegroom are both graduates of the Gettysburg High School. The bride later attended State College and has been one of the county teachers. The bridegroom is a member of the firm operating the H. and M. Machine Shop. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Hutchison, of West High street.

The out-of-town guests present at the wedding were, Rev. and Mrs. J. R. Hutchison, of New Cumberland; Mr. and Mrs. Robert, of Hanover; Mr. and Mrs. Hornberger and daughters, of Littlestown; William Boyer and family, George Boyer and daughter, Miss Eva Boyer, Mr. and Miss Garretson, of Arendtsville; William Herbst, of Illinois; Miss Elizabeth Robert, of Philadelphia; Miss Stella Colvin and Miss Maude Beaver, of Schellsburg.

FINE hardy strong early Wakefield cabbage plants fresh from greenhouse, Tuesday morning. Gettysburg Department Store.—advertisement 1

PAPRO seeds, the kind that comes on tape. All you need do is stretch the tape in the garden row. We have them. People's Drug Store.—advertisement 1

FOR SALE: seven passenger Packard, in good condition. 1909 model. Phone 72-4 Biglerville, Bell; 15-H Biglerville, United.—advertisement 1

SHETLAND pony for sale. Will trade for cow. Apply to H. H. Spence, Orrtanna. United phone 632 B.—advertisement 1

SACRIFICE MEN IN VAIN DRIVES

Quarter of a Million Lost in Three Days' Attacks on French Lines.

BRITISH MOVE POSITIONS

Go Forward at Several Places. American Aid Most Timely in View of German Plans.

(By Cable)

With French Armies in the Field, Apr. 8—Twenty five divisions, 280,000 men of the enemy's reserves have been sacrificed on the French forces alone since last Thursday, in a vain effort to accomplish their objectives.

Of this number one-half were lost in the attack designed to effect an encircling movement to the south of Amiens. The remainder were lost in small local attacks where French pressure had forced them to attack in masses to improve their positions.

To accomplish these results few French divisions were required, and the commanders are following out their policy of using small forces so as to keep the great body of men in reserve to repel the second offensive or to launch the counter-attack when the time comes.

London, Apr. 8—The British forces have advanced their lines slightly east of Vaire and south of Corbie, along the southern bank of the Somme, Field Marshal Haig reported to-day. North of the Somme, near Neuville, a few prisoners and a machine gun were captured.

All along the British front the enemy artillery is more active.

Between Lens and the La Bassée Canal, and east of Armentieres, there has been heavy enemy gas shelling.

Paris, Apr. 8—Violent artillery action was reported last night along the right bank of the Oise.

With the British Armies in the Field, Apr. 8—President Wilson's determination to put into battle the full force of the American army in France, has come not a moment too soon. Every American now available is on his way to the fighting line. Hindenburg evidently has orders to use all his forces to end the war this year, and the use of the American troops by Haig and Foch will help materially to prevent him from carrying out that idea.

All German officers taken prisoners state that their drive cannot be stopped, that it may be halted for short pauses in order to bring up guns and refresh the troops but they say they are in to a finish. They talk like desperate gamblers, staking all on a final play. The ordinary prisoners express doubt about the outcome of the great drive.

Dispatches from Switzerland state that the Germans have had 210 divisions, 2,520,000 men on the Western Front, and this is believed to be correct. Ninety divisions have already been identified in the action. The other 120 are still available by switching tired troops to quiet sectors.

Among the prisoners taken are many boys and old men, formerly exempted, but now recalled for service.

AMERICA "HANDS OFF"

Great Britain's Action not to Affect our Policy.

(By Telegraph)

Washington, Apr. 8—Although official confirmation has been received of the story that British forces had been landed at Vladivostok to maintain order there in conjunction with the Japanese, the United States will continue its "hands off" policy at Siberia, it was announced on good authority to-day.

TAKE ANOTHER TOWN

Ukrainian Forces Win this Stubborn Fight.

(By Cable)

Petrograd, Apr. 8—Ukrainian troops have taken the town of Ekaterinoslav, it was announced to-day, after the Soviet forces put up a brilliant though unsuccessful fight. The town is 250 miles north-east of Odesa.

THE WEATHER

Rain to-night and probably Tuesday. Colder Tuesday, with south-east winds.

VARYING TIDE OF BIG BATTLE

British Launch Some Successful Counter-Attacks while French Give Ground.

STILL STRIKE AT AMIENS

West of Noyon Teutons Gain Footing in Trench but are Driven out Later. Artillery Work.

London, Apr. 8.—Successful British counter-attacks were launched Sunday against the Germans in Aveluy wood, on the west side of the Ancre river, north of Albert. The War Office statement issued to-day says the British recaptured all their former positions. A German attack on the British positions opposite Albert was repulsed and another Teuton assault south of Hebuterne was broken up by the fire of the British artillery.

Paris, Apr. 8.—The Germans Saturday night renewed their attacks on the French positions in the region of Chauny and Barisis, on the Oise front, in which sector the French earlier in the day had withdrawn to prepared positions, the War Office announces.

West of Noyon a German detachment, which had gained a foothold in the advanced French line, was ejected by a counter-attack.

Germans Repulsed
A German attack on the French lines in the region of Grivesnes, north-west of Montdidier, was repulsed. Rhemes was violently bombarded by the Germans. The text of the Sunday statement reads:
"Last evening the French repulsed a German attack in the region of Grivesnes."

"In the course of the night the artillery of both sides displayed great activity between Montdidier and Noyon."

"West of Noyon a German detachment, which had succeeded in gaining a foothold in the advance French trenches was immediately ejected by a counter-attack."

"On the Oise front the Germans reviewed their assaults in the region of Chauny and Barisis."

"A German attempt to raid the French lines north of the Chamin des Dames was unsuccessful."

"Rhemes was violently bombarded in the course of the night."

(This report shows the fighting on an entirely new sector, namely, the southern wing of the French Army, at the point where the new and old lines joined. It is some miles east of Montdidier. The attack is evidently an attempt of the enemy to broaden his wedge and remove danger from his southern flank.)

Washington Unsatisfied
Washington, Apr. 8.—Repeated assurances from Allied leaders that Amiens, objective of the renewed German onslaught in Picardy, will not be captured, did not lessen the anxiety with which officials here examined brief and unsatisfactory official statements from London and Paris last evening for clear knowledge of the progress of the battle.

Not Yet Checked
Members of the Senate Military Committee, who were given their weekly report on war preparations in the United States by the War Department, again studied the battle situation on official maps. They were impressed by the nearness of the German lines to Amiens and not inclined to regard the menace in that region as definitely checked.
As the lines now lay it seemed probable that heavy artillery brought up by the Germans commanded the eastern approaches to the town and the railway junctions in that direction. If so, the communication lines radiating from Amiens on that front must be virtually useless to the British Army.

The official statements failed, however, to disclose the situation in this regard.

Flanks Are Checked
It was noted that press dispatches laid stress upon the fact that thus far the Germans have been unable to widen the salient they have projected into the Allied lines where the British and French overlap. Officials here agree that as long as the flanks of this main operation are checked it is highly improbable that the attempt to cut the two armies apart can meet with any success.

With the French Army in France, Apr. 8.—The artillery alone made war, but made it with great vigor, chiefly in the vicinity of the junction of the French and British, where strong enemy concentrations are visible. The infantry scarcely came into action, seemingly marking time while taking a rest, perhaps for another forward push here or elsewhere.

Rome, Apr. 8.—The official statement from headquarters Saturday said: "The action of the hostile batteries was slight along the whole front; it was somewhat livelier on the Asiago plateau. Our artillery carried out counter-battery work."

DOES STARTLING STUNTS



"Hair-raising stunts" by student aviators may seem foolhardy to the average civilian, but the knowledge of them will save many lives in aerial battle, according to Lieut. Col. Charles E. Lee of the British Royal Flying Corps, who has been startling Washington for several days with seemingly impossible feats in the air. Colonel Lee's demonstrations have done much to lessen the criticism in official Washington that student flyers have been killed because of foolhardy tricks rather than in straight flying at American training fields. "The so-called danger of flying lies not with those who do stunts in the air," says Colonel Lee, "but with those who cannot do them. Unless a pilot can turn his machine any way and every way at any time in order to maneuver for position, all the straight flying in the world will not help him when he has a fight."

AMERICANS HURL BACK INVADERS

Raiders Come across after Gas Attack but Get Hot Reception there.

With the American Army in France, Apr. 8.—Two German raids on different sectors of the American position, north-west of Toul, were repulsed yesterday morning with enemy casualties. The Germans were driven off before reaching the American trenches by accurate machine gun and automatic fire.

At one point the Germans laid down a box barrage. As soon as this lifted the Americans came up from their shelters and showered a heavy fire into the advancing raiders, who retired after a short period of close fighting with the American outposts.

At another point the Germans threw hundreds of gas shells before advancing, but the Americans quickly donned their gas masks and waited for the raiders. These they quickly dispersed by their fire.

The Germans kept up a bombardment of the American positions all afternoon.

London, Apr. 8.—The first contingent of American volunteers for the Jewish regiment of the British Army have arrived in England. They were entertained by the Very Rev. Joseph H. Hertz, chief rabbi of the British Empire. They also will meet the Zionist leaders.

LOAN RECEIPTS DAILY

No Mix-Ups or Approximations Regarding this Bond Issue.

Washington, Apr. 8.—Machinery for gathering and reporting the millions of subscribers to the Third Liberty Loan was in smooth working order when the campaign opened on the anniversary of the nation's entrance into war. Campaign organizers have perfected a system by which subscriptions each day will be tabulated in each Federal Reserve Bank by reporting to Washington and made public there next morning.

Delays and approximations of the first and second loans will be avoided so that the nation may know daily the exact progress of its big money drive the day before.

National and State banks are the principal original collectors of subscription reports since soliciting committees in most localities send their signed applications of subscribers to banks. At the end of the day each bank, or group of local banks, will telegraph its reports to the Liberty Loan branch of the district Federal Reserve Bank, and these in turn will report their tabulations to Washington.

1000 SLACKERS CAUGHT

Poolrooms and Dance Halls Raided in Minneapolis by Home Guards.

Minneapolis, Apr. 8.—Nearly 1000 men of military age, who did not have registration cards or other credentials with them were taken into custody here Saturday night when agents of the Department of Justice and members of the local home guards raided 197 poolrooms and dance halls in the city for draft evaders.

INSIDIOUS PEACE TALK AT AN END

Wilson Gives it Death Blow in Speech Delivered in Baltimore on Saturday.

PACIFISTS ELIMINATED

Pronouncement of President Leaves no Loopholes. All American Factions Unite for Victory.

Washington, Apr. 8.—A definite end to insidious peace talk is seen here in the address made by President Wilson in Baltimore Saturday.

Officials, diplomats, lawmakers, and military men hailed the slogan of force and more force as a tonic eagerly awaited by the American people to put them really in fighting trim.

The fact that the President's address has come simultaneously with the exposure of Count Czernin's cunning peace trickery is a coincidence serving a particularly useful purpose at this time.

Path of the Sword

It appears definitely settled now that the President, as leader of the nation, fully realizes that the only path for the American people to follow is that of military action against the common enemy of the United States and the Entente and civilization.

In this sense there is unity of political command as well as military command between the Allies and the United States.

On the anniversary of the nation's entry into the war the Government presumably now sees that the British and French doctrine of peace by military force is, after all, the only possible alternative to ultimate German domination.

Peace On American Terms

The President stands for peace on American terms just as the British and French have steadfastly stood for peace on their terms, but the battle cry of Saturday night contained very little in the way of encouraging hope that any prospect whatever will exist along this line until peace has been earned at the point of the sword thrust into the heart of the composite mass of Germans and Austrians making up Teuton militarism.

The President's acceptance of Germany's challenge to decide the issue by military force brings not only the United States in closer political unity with Great Britain and France, but it serves to unite political factions in this country more solidly than ever, according to the general view here.

No Loophole For Pacifists

In some respects the President's address is like a typical Rooseveltian doctrine of bringing peace to the world at the point of the bayonet.

Likewise the President, by making his stand absolutely clear, leaves no loophole for the minority brand of peace-by-compromise patriots who are fully expected to prove 100 per cent Americans under the inspiration of a doctrine which leaves them no chance to misunderstand the purpose of the American Government.

There have admittedly been many patriotic Americans who firmly believed that the recent Austrian peace propaganda contained the germs of a means of ending the war.

Diplomats say it is unnecessary now to go back over the details of how this cunning and insidious Austrian propaganda, engineered by Count Czernin—arch-hypocrite of them all—imposed upon British, French and American statesmen to a certain extent and caused widespread belief among the peoples of these countries that Austria was really thinking of breaking away from German militarism and was anxious for peace with her enemies.

MIKADO FOLLOWS BATTLE

Japanese Emperor Praises Valor of The French Army.

Paris, Apr. 8.—Emperor Yoshihito, of Japan, in a message to President Poincaré, says that he is following with the deepest interest the battle now going on in France, and praises the valor and spirit of solidarity which the French Army has shown in this terrible struggle. He concludes:

"I am glad to assure you once more that after this test my confidence in the final triumph of the Allies is deeper than ever."

The President, replying to the Emperor, said:

"The unshakable firmness with which the Allies are sustaining the enemy shock gives full confidence in the final success of our arms and in the complete realization of our common hopes."

MODERN nine-room brick house, with large yard and garden, for rent. Five miles from Gettysburg, near Granite Station. Apply Charles E. Heyser, Gettysburg R8.—advertisement

FURNISHED rooms, 137 E. Middle street.—advertisement

FOR THE SAKE OF STARS AND STRIPES



Lieut. Irma Hopper, one of the crack "marksman" of the Women's Motor Corps of America, the members of which are training for service "over there," ready to fight for the honor of Old Glory.

GERMAN COMMENT ON WILSON SPEECH

Says President at Last Declares Force as Policy of America and Allies.

Amsterdam, Apr. 8.—A semi-official statement was issued in Berlin Sunday commenting on the speech made by President Wilson at Baltimore on Saturday night. It says:

"President Wilson turns the historical events upside down. The world knows that the gigantic struggle now being fought in the west is a consequence of the will of the Entente for war."

"President Wilson now calls for force to the utmost, and in so doing at last clearly describes the policy of the Americans and their Allies; namely, force against everything that opposes them. Germany will not suffer from this yoke of force."

"Mr. Wilson's speech is a propaganda speech for the new American war loan. It is the best possible propaganda for our own loan, since it shows what it would mean for Germany to lose the war."

Nearly all the German newspapers received here contain long articles devoted to the anniversary of the entry of the United States into the war. Many journals indulge in speculation regarding the wisdom of dragging America into the conflict against Germany and some come to the conclusion that it was unwise to array the United States against the Fatherland.

The Taegliche Rundschau says Germany lost her last chance to keep United States out when she "failed to prevent President Wilson's reelection because of his anti-German leanings." "But," says the newspaper, "it is well to remember that Mr. Wilson will soon come forward with another peace proposition."

The Kreuzzeitung says: "The U-boat was a useful pretext for America to enter the war and we supplied it. It enabled President Wilson effectually to conceal his true war motives. We thoroughly misread American sentiment."

The Berliner Tageblatt refuses to believe American help can bring victory to the Entente. Continuing, it says:

"America's economic assistance now has passed its zenith. The seizures of German, Austro-Hungarian, Dutch and Swedish shipping aggregating 2,000,000 tons constitutes the Entente's last reserves, which in three months probably will be disposed of by our U-boats. Then the Entente will be faced with the final question whether new construction can keep pace with the losses by U-boats."

BATTALION OF LIFE

Campaign To Aid Women Behind Fighting Lines Success.

New York, Apr. 8.—The American Women's Hospital had obtained a total of \$232,125 Saturday night when it ended its campaign to raise \$200,000 with which to send abroad the "Battalion of Life" to aid women and children behind Pershing's line in France and the wounded and refugees along the Italian and Balkan fronts.

PERSONAL NOTES AND BRIEF ITEMS

Short Paragraphs of Interest. Guests in Many Gettysburg Homes.

MANY VISIT ELSEWHERE

Mention of People on Short Journeys to Nearby Towns and Those Spending the Day with Friends here.

Miss Elizabeth Eck, daughter of James Eck, of Fairfield, and her grandfather spent a day recently with Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Eck, Chambersburg street.

Miss Alice Williams, of West Middle street, was a visitor with friends in Hanover, Sunday.

Norman Butt, of Harrisburg, was a visitor at the home of his father, A. H. Butt, Chambersburg street, over the week-end.

Mrs. Charles Todd, of Harrisburg, was a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Weiser, East Middle street, Sunday.

Harry Hart, of Hanover, was a Gettysburg visitor to-day.

Mrs. George E. Hartman has returned to her home in Harrisburg after a visit with friends and relatives here.

Hon. and Mrs. D. P. McPherson, of Carlisle street, spent the day in Baltimore.

Herbert Allison, who spent the winter months in Pittsburgh, has returned to Gettysburg.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Dubbs, of Chambersburg street, were visitors with friends in Hanover, Sunday.

D. M. Wolf, Baltimore, was a business visitor in Gettysburg to-day.

Miss Kathryn Deardorff, of West Middle street, who has been visiting friends in York for several days has returned to her home.

Richard Francis, of Washington street, was a visitor in Baltimore to-day.

Robert Miller, of Baltimore, is spending several days with his family, Baltimore street.

L. H. Stallsmith and daughter, of York, were week-end visitors with friends and relatives in Gettysburg.

Mrs. Hanson Staley and son, Earl, and Mrs. C. W. Bream, of Biglerville, spent Saturday in town.

George Florence, of Fort Myer, Virginia, spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of his sister, Mrs. James McDonnell.

Mrs. Albert Bell, of Centre Square, has gone to Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J., to spend several days.

Mrs. Harvey L. Trostle, of York street, is spending some time in Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Bollinger, of Chambersburg street, are spending several days with Guyon Kitzmiller and family in Baltimore.

Miss Margaret Alvey and Miss Annie Mitchell, of Hagerstown, and Miss Ethel Annan, of Emmitsburg, have returned to their homes after visiting for several days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Norman S. Heindel, on Carlisle street.

WAR PROVES COSTLY

The International Debt is Increased \$111,700,000,000.

Washington, Apr. 8.—Three and one-half years of war have caused an increase of \$111,700,000,000 in the public debt of the twelve leading warring nations, according to tabulations made by the Federal Reserve Board.

Of this sum \$72,400,000,000 represents the debt increase of the Allied nations, and \$39,300,000,000 that of the Central nations. The United States' debt incurred since the country entered the war is given as \$6,550,000,000, the standing January 31.

Gnat a Source of Musk.

To the list of sources of musk must be added a kind of gnat, order hemiptera, class reduviidae, genus amulius (stol.), which is so common in the Australian bush at times as to fill the air with a musky odor.

The Boss's Weakness.

Title Clinger says that one reason why she hates to take dictation from her new boss is because when he is chewing tobacco he can't talk, and when he isn't chewing he can't think.

Life.

Life is a struggle, but not a warfare; it is a day's labor, but labor on God's earth, under the sun and stars with other laborers, where we may think and sing and rejoice as we work.—John Burroughs.

CARD OF THANKS

Mrs. Catherine Pepple wishes to thank the friends and neighbors who so promptly extinguished the fire in her timberland Sunday afternoon.—advertisement

FOR SALE: good, sound, young brood mares, work wherever hitched, ranging in weight from 1150 to 1400 pounds. Apply to Edward L. Gulden, R10, Gettysburg, Pa.—advertisement

THIS KIND
Of a Day is Coming
Very Soon



We Have Prepared
WITH HATS. OXFORDS.
SHIRTS. UNDERWEAR.
STOCKINGS. TO KEEP YOU COOL—COMFORTABLE AND CLASSY.

Have You Prepared?

Eckert's Store, "On the Square"



SPRING---

Again finds us with the usual dependable assortment of Garden Tools and Supplies.

RAKES. HOES. SHOVELS. HOES. SPADES. ETC.
Many small special tools that the practical gardner delights to use.

Adams County Hardware Co.

True Economy Versus Cheapness

While we have excellent fabrics at low prices we would strongly urge you to pay a little more for pure wool. As at the present cost of woollens and labor it is true economy to get the better qualities which you may be sure will give satisfaction and permanent service.

The new Fabrics for Spring await your inspection

J. D. LIPPY, Tailor

SPRAYING SUPPLIES

CARONA DRY ARSENATE OF LEAD

Is practically unobtainable. Our supply is limited and we urge our customers to state their requirements without delay.

Sherwin-Williams Dry Line Sulphur, Black Leaf-40

Barrel Sprayers, Hoses, Nozzles, Pumps, Etc.

Bigham's Hardware Store

BIGLERVILLE, PA.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS

H. B. BENDER,
Gettysburg, Pa.

CASHTOWN BRANCH

M. E. FREED, Assistant

All Calls, Either Day or Night, Answered Promptly by either assistant

or the Gettysburg office.

B. 10 phones

LITTLESTOWN BRANCH

JOHN W. LITTLE, Assistant

All Calls, Either Day or Night, Answered Promptly by either assistant

or the Gettysburg office.

AUTO SERVICE

People Who Are Too Good.

We have in this world all kinds of organizations for making bad people good and good people better, but I know of none for making too good people—well, let us say, normal. We have all known people who would have been greatly benefited by an occasional "apree," with perhaps a night in jail, but whom no one is courageous enough to corrupt. It is not their fault that they are so good; all the forces of their social circle work to make them more respectable.—Robert M. Gay in the Atlantic Monthly.

Little Doubt About It.

Mary and Bobby were playing on a picket fence when Mary accidentally slipped and her little dress caught on one of the pickets and held her suspended about a foot from the ground. Bobby tried and tugged, but in vain; he could not release her, so he said: "Never mind, Mary, I'll go and call 'nigger.' And poor little Mary, hanging by the lone picket, replied earnestly: "All right, Bobby, and I'll wait for you here."

Airplane Needs Much Wood.

About 200 board feet of wood is used in the actual construction of the average airplane. To obtain this material it is ordinarily necessary to work over about 1,500 feet of select lumber, which often represents all that can be used for airplanes of 15,000 board feet of standing timber.

Santa Marta.

Santa Marta, Colombia, is one of the great banana ports. After the days of the Spanish Main, when it was the scene of hot fighting between Spanish and English, and won a place in the romances of Kingsley as the setting for a naval battle, Santa Marta sank into a tropical slumber that lasted until the banana business was put on a worldwide basis by a great corporation. The banana shippers awoke her, and now there is a great air of activity and bustle in the old bay.

Responsibility the Cure.

If there is anything that shows what a man or woman really is it is responsibility. It makes those taking a stand in the full light, where they can really justify their claims. If a person who constantly boasts his greatness can stand under the test and burden of responsibility, then his success is assured. If he fails in this test he loses friends. Until such persons regain their position they are despised and rejected.

Pineapple Planting.

Pineapples are planted in three ways—for shipment raw, for canning, and for juice. If the planter wants large, perfect specimens of the fruit he sets about 5,000 plants to the acre. The uniform smaller discs that are found in the cans are the result of closer planting, while the planter who desires only juice sets his plants still closer.

Lend Him a Hand!

Here Is YOUR Boy—going over the top, his gun in hand, his jaw set, his heart on fire. It is the most dramatic moment in the life of this soldier—and in the life of this nation.

His heart and mind are set on one thing—VICTORY—victory over an enemy who stands for acts and ideas which this soldier despises—which he is ready to give his life to destroy.

We here at home hate these things, too. We are pledged to their destruction—to our last dollar and our last man. But this soldier can actually—get-his-hands-on-them—and root them out of the world forever—if we will lend him a hand.



This Boy Is the Symbol of Fighting America

He stands for the aspiration, the conviction of a hundred million people translated into *action*. He is *doing* what the rest of us are *dreaming*. Only through him can we win the Victory.

But He Can't Do It With His Bare Hands! He asks you to back him up with guns, shells, tanks, airplanes. Let's lend him a hand by lending our dollars. Then no power in the world can prevent him from winning the Victory.

The long fighting ages of the world have never seen a better soldier than this boy of yours—your son—your husband—your brother—your friend. He stands for the sons of America, hundreds of thousands strong, soon to be millions. He is doing his part—we must do ours!

He Is the Symbol of the Liberty Loan

Lend Him a Hand!

Buy Liberty Bonds!

THIS SPACE PAID FOR AND CONTRIBUTED BY

G. W. WEAVER & SON

JUST LIKE A RATTLESNAKE AVIATORS HAVE ODD MASCOTS

Gas Shell Has About the Same Effect, Writes American Ambulance Driver at Front.

Norman Lee, an eighteen-year-old volunteer driver for the American Red Cross ambulance in France, throws a sidelight on gas shells in a letter written "near Soissons" and just received here.

"The boches dropped a few gas shells over about midnight," he writes. "Have you ever heard a rattlesnake? Well, a gas shell has the same effect. No one has to tell you what it is; you know. It just goes 'put' and lets out a greenish vapor. That's enough—down in the 'dugout' put on your masks and wait until the boches are finished. But it's a ghastly scene, one candle burning and everyone sitting around with masks on; the cat hugs the fire, while James, the medicine dog, has his mask on, too—it's a special one—and he knows enough not to paw it off. He's a real war dog."

"During these sessions there is always an official 'sniffer,' who has to take off his mask every once in a while, go to the door and see whether the stuff is still around. The other day we were in doubt, so we threw the cat out. She came back so quickly that no one had any doubt that it still was there."

"Oh, it bothers me—that gas—more than the shells. It's a pretty rotten way to make war."

ALL ALUMINUM FROM BAUXITE

Clay Also Contains Vast Quantities of the Metal, but No Way Has Been Found to Get It Out.

Bauxite is a mineral that contains aluminum in a combination which the electric furnace will tear apart, thus producing the metal. Clay also contains it in vast quantities, but the trick has not yet been turned to set free the aluminum in clay. So bauxite is used.

There are large deposits of it in France, in the territory behind the Riviera. Before the war these deposits were principally held and exploited by thrifty Germans, who shipped the ore into Switzerland, where a German owned plant reduced the ore by electricity obtained from Swiss waterfalls and produced the metal. This was then shipped into Germany and largely used to make the tips of shells which are shot over into France again.

The rings made by wounded French soldiers or sailors of France in the trenches and sold here for the benefit of orphans are thus very likely to be made of metal mined in France, smelted in Switzerland, and manufactured into munitions in Germany.

Indians Like Spectacles.

Members of the Ute tribe of Indians in Utah have recently acquired the habit of wearing spectacles, much to their own delight and to the profit of an optical salesman who was in their vicinity. A chief started the style by purchasing a pair of yellow-lens glasses from the white man, and in a few days so many Indians demanded similar adornments that the drummer's supply was exhausted and he had to send for more, says Popular Mechanics magazine. It is said that there are nearly two hundred men, women and children in this tribe who now possess spectacles. Some indicate their social position by wearing three pairs at a time. Glasses with heavy tortoise-shell rims have proved popular. These Indians were on their way to attend a powwow in New Mexico, and it is thought that they wanted their new adornment especially for this occasion.

Ready to Do His Bit.

A gorgeously dressed individual whose sartorial magnificence reached its zenith in a white waistcoat with blue-flowered design dropped or strutted into a military census station in Harlem the other day. In response to inquiries regarding his knowledge of machinery, bookkeeping, marine experience, etc., he made it clear that he could do very little. "I'm just a gambler, and I don't take much stock in nuthin' else," he explained. "Of course, I'll do what I can, if they need me. If they ever decide to settle this mix-up with cards or dice, you got me address there, an' just drop me a line. If it's cards, we got Europe; and if it's dice, we'll give 'em a fight all the way."

World's Gold Production.

The production of gold has increased universally since the discovery of America. However, during the first three centuries subsequent to that event there was no appreciable increase in annual production. Prior to 1850 it was hardly more than \$8,000,000 yearly.

One Will Not Make Flight Without Pet White Mouse—Others Have Dogs, Cats and Monkeys.

Practically none of the noted aviators with the allied armies ever go up to make observations or give battle to the foe without their mascots. And the mascots are as varied as can be imagined.

Claude Grahame-White used to wear checked trousers and would not fly in plain cloth or stripes.

Marcus Manton, the famous French flyer, never without a rather large and impressive crucifix, which he always hung in front of him.

Other airmen carry clocks and dogs and cats and even monkeys.

One of the most remarkable occurrences is told by Clarence Winchester in the London Mail. "A friend of mine," he writes, "whom the censor forbids I name, was taking a new airplane across the Channel. We talked a few minutes in front of the air-drome when he glanced at his watch and said: 'I'll have to be running for my mouse.' Despite his hurry, I pressed him for an explanation and he said: 'I never take a new bus across unless I have my little white mouse with me.'"

Why They Laughed.

When a throng gathers about the cages of the sometimes wild, sometimes tame, sometimes quiet, but usually noisy monkeys at the New York Zoological park, it is to be expected, and the keepers regard the gathering with but little interest. But when the same sized group gathers about the enclosure of some less amusing exhibits the keepers are immediately active, usually finding a bit of zoological temperament has resulted in a tantrum by the long-ignored occupant. Recently a keeper saw a laughing battalion of sightseers surrounding the cage of Minnehaha, the smallest donkey in the world. Minnehaha is cute, odd and interesting, but there is nothing about her to cause observers to shout with laughter. So the keeper walked over curiously. Someone had pasted a picture of the German crown prince under the sign which announces what Minnehaha is.

Prodigal Providence.

"I don't like to see warring armies call too persistently on Providence. It savors of arrogance and self-righteousness. Providence may take revenge."

The speaker was a certain bishop, who went on:

"There was once a young couple that had no children. The husband was anxious that heaven should bless them with a girl, the wife was anxious for a boy. Being very religious, both besought Providence morning, noon, and night to grant his or her desire."

"And Providence heard. Providence granted both prayers."—London Tit-Bits.

Can't Count Them.

Two aviators, one American and the other Irish, were discussing the best position for the propeller with relation to its strength.

"Mine," said the American, "is in front and gets up to 10,000 revolutions a minute."

"Sure," said the other, "I can't say which is best, because mine is at the back, and so I can't count them."

Oil Fuel.

Unusual compactness and quick-starting qualities are claimed for a new English oil fuel boiler, in which hollow concentric cones for the water are set over a huge burner.

Recoil.

A recently invented shock recoil pad to protect the shoulders of gunners is featured by a long air chamber interposed between a hard rubber base and a soft rubber cushion.

Has Doubtless Helped.

"Do you believe that eating carrots improves the complexion?"

"As to that I can't say. But I do think that belief has brought the carrot prominently into the market."

Behind the Bars.

"How long are you in for?" asked the new convict.

"Six months," was the reply.

"I see. Just doing your little bit, eh?"

Iron Rust.

Few stains are so obstinate as iron rust is. They may, however, be removed from delicate fabrics by covering the spot thickly with cream tartar, then twisting the cloth to keep the tartar on the spot itself. Put that part into a pan of cold water, bring gradually to boiling point, and afterward rinse in the usual way.—Exchange.

I will sell at Jesse Milhimes

sale, Saturday, APRIL 13

BAY HORSE

fourteen years' old, weighs

1400 pounds.

S. CASHMAN

FOR SALE

Imperial Ringlet Barred

Rock Cockerels \$2.50.

Hatching eggs, 15 eggs for \$1.50.

EMORY E. SHEELY

Arendtville, Pa.

SEED POTATOES

One Hundred and Fifty Bushels of Sir Walter Raleigh

Seed Potatoes for sale at my farm

near McKnightown.

Price: 50 Cts. Per Bushel at the farm

H. E. RIDDLEMOSER

PUBLIC SALE
HOUSEHOLD GOODS

Saturday, APRIL 13, 1918

In front of the Court House at 1 o'clock

At this sale will be sold a large lot of
Furniture, Carpet, Rugs, &c.

H. B. BENDER

LESSONS FOR THE
Home Embroiderer

Specially prepared for this newspaper by Pictorial Review.

A New Style Monogram for Table Cloths and Napkins
to Interest Clever Needleworkers.

By KATHERINE MUTTERER.

There was never so great a demand for monograms as now, because of the growing appreciation of the value they add to household and personal linens. The design shown here is very graceful and lends distinction to a table cloth of fine damask with napkins to match. The monogram on the table cloth may be from 3 to 6 inches high, with that on the napkins varying from 1 to 3 inches. Solid satin stitch and seedling are used to develop the

considered. For a table 48 inches in diameter, whether it is round or square, the cloth is marked with the monogram placed half way between the center and the edge of the table. When the table is 54 inches or more in diameter, two monograms are used, one at either end half way between the center and edge of the table. The oval and oblong tables also have the monograms placed at either end, half way between the center and edge of the table. If preferred, for an oblong table, the initials may be placed diagonally across opposite corners so that one monogram is at the right of the hostess. If one monogram is used, it is placed at the

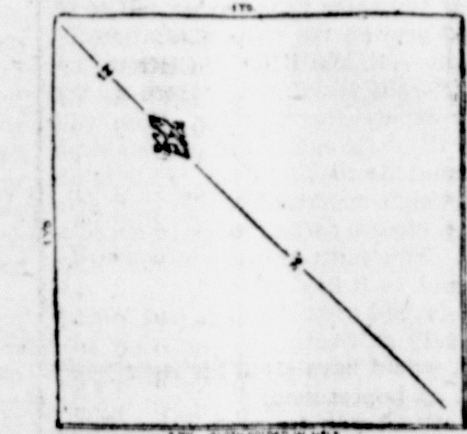


Diagram for Applying Monogram.

New Style Monogram.

monogram, white thread, of course, being used for the embroidery. If placed parallel with the weave of the material, monograms keep their shape better than those worked on the bias of the linen and fashion now decrees that in nearly every case they should be so placed. Before marking a table cloth the size and shape of the table should be

right of the hostess. The diagonal method, however, is not considered as smart as the other.

Fashion favors marking dinner napkins in the exact center. This necessitates folding the napkin in thirds to bring the monogram on top. For tea napkins, place the monogram diagonally across one corner from 2 to 2½ inches above the hem or scalloped edge, depending upon the monogram used.

Pictorial Review Perforated Monogram No. 574, supplies, 1½ to 2 inches high for 35 cents; 3 inches for 40 cents, and 10 cents extra for each additional inch in height.

Signboards in Japan.

It is not known when the signboards first came into use in Japan, but presumably it was not long after the introduction of writing, though that would not be necessary among a people where pictures and designs preceded ideographs representing them. Indeed, Japanese writing, like Chinese, consists of signs rather than expressions of sound, says T. Nakayama, M. Colligny writes in the Cincinnati Enquirer. The national ideographs are for the eye rather than the ear; to be seen rather than to be heard.

There is no mention in Japanese history of the fact that in the reign of Emperor Godaigo (1319-1333) each government official set up a door plate signifying his name and occupation, which may be regarded as the first mention of signs in Japan.

The Minimum.

Kidd—Now that your daughter has graduated from her domestic science school I presume she gives her mother a little help?

Kidder—Yes, just as little as possible.

Exhaust Steam.

More attention than ever before is being paid this winter to careful use of exhaust steam in power plants. It may be applied to innumerable purposes, such as heating feed water for the steam boiler, for many washing purposes, heating buildings, pasteurizing and sterilizing and the like. A small investment in additional boiler room equipment, such as an exhaust-steam heater, will effect savings of several hundred dollars a year in the coal bill of even a moderate sized power plant.

Destructive Grasshopper.

The average grasshopper weighs one-fiftieth of a pound and is capable each day of consuming its own weight of corn or wheat or forage crops. Thus it would appear that the number of these insects eaten by nesting birds daily would be able to destroy 174,297 tons of crops worth, at an average of \$10 a ton, \$1,742,970.

All Depends on Spirit.

Whether a life is noble or ignoble depends not on the calling which is adopted, but on the spirit in which it is followed.—Sir John Lubbock.

Removing a Broken Caster.

A broken caster may be withdrawn from the leg of a piece of furniture by tapping a hole in the center of the caster stem, and threading in a machine screw, thus securing a suitable hold. A heavy metal washer is placed under the head of the screw. One side of the washer is supported by a block of wood, or leather, while a claw hammer, or "jimmy," is used to pry out the broken part.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

I will be in Gettysburg
Tues., Apr. 9 & 23
—At—
PENROSE MYERS'
TO EXAMINE EYES AND
FIT GLASSES.
W. H. DINKLE,
Graduate of Optics



Our repairing of Blow-Outs, Rim Cuts, Tread Injuries, Loose Treads, punctures, etc., is the kind that gives service and makes TIRE REPAIRING really an economy for the owner.

RETREADING WORN TIRES A SPECIALTY.

Prompt Service at Moderate Cost.

Complete stock of tires.—Portage, United States, Miller, and Braender tires sold under a dependable mileage guarantee. We shall endeavor to give you service that will merit continued patronage.

Stoner's Tire Shop

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE
United Phone 117X
131 Baltimore St.

"CHEER PARTIES" FOR RECRUITS SET
EXAMPLE OTHER CITIES FOLLOW

"Let us give a stirring send-off to recruits for the British lines in France," said Postmaster W. B. Carlisle of Chicago, as reason for initiating "Cheering parties" on the Government building steps. "Let representative Americans send the thrill to those men that will assure them that America is solidly behind the soldiers, the sailors and the executives who carry on our fight for Freedom," said his appeal.

Forthwith the daily squads of volunteers tramping to the train to the skirts of a Highlander band were given a rousing example of what America's sentiments are, one that has been taken up in other cities where the British Canadian Recruiting Mission has depots. Defense and patriotic organizations heeded the call and arranged for representations daily in the cheering, waving throngs.

Quite a Difference.

Lawyer—"What was he arrested for?" Mike—"They told me at the station that he took one too much." Lawyer—"Too much or too many?" Mike—"What is the difference?" Lawyer—"Intoxication or bigamy."—Life.

Lines to Be Remembered.
Most of a life the other beautiful things in life come by twos and threes, by dozens and hundreds. Plenty of roses, stars, sunsets, rainbows, brothers and sisters, aunts and cousins, but only one mother in all the wide world.—Kate Douglas Wiggin.

..Seed Oats..

For Nice Seed Oats,

75 BUSHEL

see

J. B. ZIMMERMAN

Bell phone 52-31

ANNOUNCEMENT

Mrs. J. William Garlach
will continue the undertaking business of her late husband.
At 56 Chambersburg, St.
Gettysburg
FAIRFIELD branch office in charge of
SOLOMON ALLISON

GETTYSBURG MARKETS

Prices at the Gettysburg warehouse corrected daily by C. Milton Wolf, Jr., successor to J. Geo. Wolf's Sons Co. Purchasing

Wheat	\$2.06
Rye	\$1.50
Oats	.80
Retail	
White Middlings	\$3.15
Straw	\$1.00
Hay	\$1.60
Plaster	\$9.00
Cement	\$2.40
Western Flour	\$14.06
Bran	\$2.50
Green cross Feed	\$2.75
Hollyo Poultry Mash	\$3.85
Schmacker	\$2.85
Corn	\$1.00
Corn and Oats Chops	\$2.85
Home Oats	.90
Western Oats	\$1.10
New Oxford Dairy Feed	\$5.00
Succene	\$2.40
Cotton Seed Meal	\$3.00

By F. Leipzig

Doings of the Van Loons- But Father shouldn't get so nervous.



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New Styles for Spring and Summer



To be out of fashion is to be out of favor, for it is the outward indication of self-respect to be well dressed.

The little word "style" has never meant so much to a woman as it will this Spring.

We have perhaps been over-cautious in making our selections of new models in Women's Suits, Coats, Dresses, Skirts, Waists &c., in order to uphold our reputation as the Store of Correct Style.

We are very particular about the quality of the materials and workmanship in our garments, but if that is considered a fault, we are glad to be known as fault finders.

Unusual care has been given to our selections of apparel for Misses and Girls, our stocks embracing the newest thoughts from the best makers. Nothing that is not strictly in the latest fashion will be found here.

Our prices are exceptionally low, because we bought exceptionally large stocks, and therefore we are able to share with you the large savings that we made.

Even if you only care to look, we shall be glad to have you come to see our great stock.

G. W. Weaver & Son

AN HONEST MAN

By H. FIELDING.

(Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper Union.)

George was a thief at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Half an hour earlier he had been merely an imprudent young man who had neglected a matter of \$25 borrowed by him from "cash."

If his account had been turned over to anybody else but Williams the matter might not appear so black, but George had been promoted over Williams' head; the matter would go straight to the supreme head of everything.

Even now, if he could borrow the \$25—but he had tried all his friends in the office and it would not "be easy to get out." Yet it must be done; the alternative was criminal prosecution—sheer ruin.

George laid his hand upon the lid of his desk to pull it down. With or without an excuse, he must go out and find that money.

Just as he arose from his seat a hand was laid upon his arm and he turned to face Old Ben, the soft-footed messenger, mysterious as a demon of Eastern fable, who did the will of the supreme head of the establishment.

"Mr. Harriman wants to see you," said this slave-of-the-ring.

"I wonder if there is anything in making a clean breast of it?" he said to himself, as he walked toward Harriman's room; and then he remembered what had happened to a certain young man who had done that very thing. It seemed that the floor was no longer on a level and he saw four knobs on Harriman's door, as he stretched his hand to open it.

There was a flat-topped desk as large as a dinner table in the middle of the room, and at the opposite side of it sat Harriman. His eyes smaller, his nose was larger, his chin was fatter, and his coloring was a brighter red, than ever before in George's recollection of him.

George had been in the great man's presence oftener, during the past year, than any other minor employee in the main office. He was an object of envy on that account. The idea of appearing before this man as a thief was a thing to die of.

"Lang," said Harriman, "I'm going to give you a chance."

George's brain made 500 rapid revolutions in his head.

"Ninety-nine clerks in a hundred," Harriman continued, "will always be clerks. I believe that you are the hundredth man. You've been handling some correspondence with our agents—under my direction and you have shown a comprehension of the subject that has made me think well of you."

George merely bowed. He could not speak aloud. All his faculty of language was occupied in interior, soundless cursing of himself for his incredible folly.

"Our man Robbins, in Johnstown," Harriman proceeded, "has been having trouble, as you know."

He paused, and in the interval, the effort of remembering who Robbins was, cleared George's mind.

"Robbins is not the man for the place," he said. "He doesn't seem to know what he is there for."

Harriman slapped the desk gently with his fat hand.

"Precisely," said he; "and that is why I am going to put you in his shoes."

The sweat started out suddenly in the palms of George's hands, and he felt at the same time the sensation of a cold grip on the back of his neck.

"You will leave for Johnstown tonight," said Harriman. "Here is the order superseding Robbins. You will draw the same salary and get the same commissions that he does. This is an exceptional opportunity. No man gets such a chance as this twice in his lifetime. You must prove yourself worthy, and do it in a hurry."

He leaned over the desk and looked earnestly at George, who, in that moment, would have given his right hand to be an honest man.

"I expect you to crush competition out there," continued Harriman. "That fellow, Wellbrook, who is running an independent racket, must be done up. I don't care how you do it, or what it costs. Lay him out. We want all the business wherever we go."

He laughed pleasantly, and George tried to join him, but the thought of Williams restrained his mirth. It was dreadful to think that at the moment when he was about to be trusted with so important a mission, the stigma of dishonesty would be placed upon him.

"Mr. Williams wishes to see you, sir," said Old Ben, appearing suddenly. Harriman nodded to George, who was moving toward the door, and then said to the messenger: "All right; I'll see him."

Williams entered hurriedly, and started with surprise at sight of George. The latter nodded coldly.

"By the way, Williams," he said, "there's twenty-five dollars in an envelope in my desk that I forgot to turn over to you. I'll lay it out on your table."

He passed out, leaving Williams standing with his mouth open, and his eyes like two glass marbles.

To draw his money from the cashier to arrange the amount for Williams, and to escape from the office, required but little time.

George hurried home, his heart light, his mind full of plans for the ruin of Wellbrook.

"How pleased father will be," he said again and again. "Thank heaven that I go home to him this day an honest man!"

Sight of Fishes.

Scientists have recently discovered that most fishes are able to focus their eyes on near objects by means of the superior and inferior oblique muscles.

NOW

By George W. Cable of The Vigilantes.

The thought that I cannot put away now is that whatever I might save now and fail to save now may be a hundred times the worst waste I shall ever have committed though I have, like most Americans, many a past wasteful habit to regret.

It will be far the worst because not to save now is to throw away the co-operation of millions of others; because not to save now will tend to prolong the war; because not to save now will multiply the war's privations, lengthen its death-roll, and the vast procession of its maimed men and will make saving more difficult and less effective by and by when we shall be compelled to save through cruel conditions from which saving now might have saved us.

SHIPS TO NORSE UNMOLESTED

Germany Has Selfish Motive in Permitting American Supplies to Pass.

Christiania.—Vessels sailing between America and Norway outside the danger zone and not touching British ports lately have not been attacked by Germans, probably more in their own interests than for any special love of Norway. Germany for a long while has not been able to send food to Norway, and as far as known has not promised to do so.

German vessels sailing to Norway must now have provisions, oil and kerosene for the whole round trip. Some great Norwegian factories producing articles for export to Germany are run by German coal oil and kerosene, as are fishing vessels obtaining fish for export to Germany.

Norway at present receives from Germany steel and iron for construction and is absolutely dependent on Germany for the import of potassium compound kainite.

NEGRO IS FATHER OF 34

Aged St. Louis Man Says Family Has Good Record, Only One Ever Arrested.

St. Louis.—When Lee West, sixty-nine years old, a negro of 2347 Scott avenue, went to the United States marshal's office to see his son Tom, who had been arrested suspected of failure to register for the draft, he said he had had 34 children and that this was the first one ever arrested.

He said he had been married three times, the first time in 1873. There was one child by his first wife, who died shortly afterward. By the second marriage he had 16 children. The second wife also died and by his present wife he has had 17 children. His wife is forty-nine years old.

There are only 11 children living, he said. Tom was the oldest and was only twenty years old. The youngest is seven.

LOSES FINGER TO ENLIST

Oregon Patriot Believed to Be First to Make Sacrifice to Get Into Army.

Baker, Ore.—Gordon Alexis French, a Baker man, is today a member of his Uncle Sam's army because he had a finger taken off. French is believed to be the first man to get rid of a finger so he could get into the army.

French applied for enlistment some time ago and was refused because the second finger of his right hand—the trigger finger—was permanently bent in on the palm as the result of a childhood injury. The recruiting officer told him that was all that stood between him and service.

French had the offending finger amputated at the second joint, and now is the proud possessor of a uniform, with prospects of an early chance to "get the Hun."

LAND FOR ITALIAN SOLDIERS

Law Proposed in Rome to Award Reclaimed Acreage to Fighting Men.

Rome.—It is proposed that a special law be passed by parliament to authorize the state to expropriate all barren and uncultivated land, which shall be divided among the soldiers who have been at the front and reclaimed. For this object it is proposed that \$8,000,000 be set apart and that excess war profits, taxes imposed on men exempted from active military service and the proceeds of enemy property confiscated and sold in Italy be utilized for the purpose.

The sum so formed will be used for the creation of a consolidated loan at 3½ per cent, and will serve for the expropriation of all land that yields less than 2 per cent.

High Prices in South America.

Appleton, Wis.—George Peotter, returned from a trip of several months in South America, brings with him consolation for victims of the high cost of living. "Soft coal, which is most generally used, sells for \$23 a ton, and gasoline brings 60 cents a gallon," he said. "Tea, a light lunch, is served at 6 a. m. and again at 10 a. m. At 1 p. m. breakfast is eaten, then tea again at 4:30 and dinner at 7 p. m. Beef sells at 16 cents a pound and pork at 20 cents." Mr. Peotter covered Venezuela and the Guianas.

Are There Such?

We care not who sings the nation's new popular songs as long as our apartment has sound-proof walls.—Indianapolis News.

CHOOSE YOUR CLOTHES

As you would your friends, the sort known and recognized for their high integrity and dependability.

Particularly at this time men and young men should be very careful in the selection of their apparel.

"A Word to the Wise"

these strenuous days of scarcity in wool.

O. H. LESTZ,

THE HOME OF GOOD CLOTHES.

Cor. Square & Carlisle St.,

Gettysburg, Pa.

PHOTOPLAY

Daily 6:15

Saturday 6:00

Matinee Saturday 2:15

ADULTS 10c

CHILDREN 5c.

Plus one cent War Tax.

TO-DAY

Triangle Day

BESSIE BARRISCALE

in

"WOODEN SHOES"

also

"A LOVE CASE"

A Triangle Comedy

TO-MORROW

COMEDY DAY

FATTY ARBUCKLE

in

"OH DOCTOR"

also

BILLY WEST

In

"HIS MATRIMONIAL VENTURE"

and

PATHE WEEKLY

Plant Your Gardens and Vacant Lots

Raise Everything Possible

USE : GOOD : SEEDS

Get them at the

PEOPLES DRUG STORE

Both Phones

The Rexal Store

GOODS DELIVERED

We have or get what you want.

(Medical Advertising)

AFTER SICKNESS THEY GAVE HER VINOL

And She Soon Got Back
Her Strength

New Castle, Ind.—"The measles left me run down, no appetite, could not rest at night, and I took a severe cold which settled on my lungs, so I was unable to keep about my household. My doctor advised me to take Vinol, and six bottles restored my health so I do all my household, including washing. Vinol is the best medicine I ever used."—Alice Record, 437 So. 11th St., New Castle, Ind.

We guarantee this wonderful cod liver and iron tonic, Vinol, for all weak, run-down, nervous conditions. "People's Drug Store, C. Wm. Beales, Propr., Gettysburg, and at the best drug store in every town and city in the country."

KEEP LOOKING YOUNG

It's Easy—If You Know Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

The secret of keeping young is to feel young—to do this you must watch your liver and bowels—there's no need of having a sallow complexion—dark rings under your eyes—pimples—a bilious look in your face—dull eyes with no sparkle. Your doctor will tell you ninety per cent of all sickness comes from inactive bowels and liver.

Dr. Edwards, a well-known physician in Ohio, perfected a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil to act on the liver and bowels, which he gave to his patients for years.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel, are gentle in their action yet always effective. They bring about that exuberance of spirit, that natural buoyancy which should be enjoyed by everyone, by toning up the liver and clearing the system of impurities. You will know Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets by their olive color. 40c and 25c per box. All druggists.

WANTED

PULP WOOD & MINE PROPS

One Car or One Hundred Cars.

Will pay \$8.50 per 160 ft. for sycamore, gum, maple, elm, ash, willow, poplar, linn, f. o. b. cars, to be stripped of the bark and cut 5 ft. long.

Mine props, from 7½ to 12 ft. Ask for price.

C. J. DEARDORFF,

Ortanna, Pa.

United Phone 633P.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the Stockholders of "The President, Managers and Company of the Berlin and Hanover Turnpike Road" will be held at the general offices of the Company in the Borough of Hanover, York County, Pennsylvania, on the 10th day of May, 1918, at one o'clock P. M. for the purpose of voting for or against the proposed reduction in the authorized Capital Stock of said Company from six hundred (600) shares, of a par value of Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) each to three hundred and thirteen (313) shares, of a par value of Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) each, or to such an amount as the records of the Company shall show as of the 10th day of May, 1918, to be the actually issued and outstanding Capital Stock of the Company.

CHARLES R. DELANEY
Secretary.

FOR SALE

The undersigned having quit the mail business will sell his entire mail outfit, at private sale, consisting of

Good Blocky Horse

weighs eleven hundred (1100) lbs.;

Closed Top Spring

Wagon

nearly new. Surrey; set of single harness; some farming tools.

GEORGE W. PETERS,

Bendersville, Pa.

FOR SALE

Double brick house on 60x200 foot lot to private alley, containing 8 rooms each with bath, basement cellar and mansard roof. One block from Post Office on East High street. Sold to close estate.

DR. W. H. O'NEAL

Baltimore street.

For Sale

MAXWELL SIX

Seven Passenger Automobile.

In good running order.

Price \$300

Geo. J. Bushman,

22 Carlisle Street, GETTYSBURG.

WRIGLEY'S



The universal military service gum—

A Soldier's offering to his sweetheart is naturally the sweetmeat that gave him most refreshment and greatest enjoyment when on duty.

The Flavor Lasts



Keep the boys in service supplied

824

PUBLIC SALE

OF
MULES—CATTLE—HOGS
ON

SATURDAY, APRIL 13, 1918

The undersigned will sell at his residence in Straban township, on the East Berlin and Gettysburg Road, nine miles from the former and seven miles from the latter, the following described personal property:

SIX HEAD OF MULES AND HORSES

Pair black mules, coming two years old, fifteen hands high, have been handled some; pair dark bay mules, with bay noses, fifteen hands high, have been handled some; bay mule, three years old, has been hitched; bay mare coming three years old, bred at Buttonwood Stock Farm, by Sieto and a Standard bred mare, has been trained on the track and is the making of a fine mare.

TWENTY-FIVE HEAD OF CATTLE

Consisting of twenty two milch cows, some fresh by time of sale, some close springers, balance fall and winter cows. Eight of these cows are Holsteins. Three bulls large enough for service. These cows are all young and good milkers and should command the attention of buyers.

FIFTY HEAD OF HOGS

Four brood sows will have pigs by day of sale, the balance are shoats weighing from thirty to one hundred pounds each.

MACHINERY

Pair of hay carriages, sixteen feet long, good as new; Perry harrow, eighteen teeth. Surrey in good condition.

Sale to commence at 1:00 o'clock sharp.

TERMS: A credit of eleven months will be given. Five per cent off for cash. Further terms and conditions will be made known on day of sale by

JESSE MILHINES

Thompson, auct.
Deatrick, clerk.

NOTICE

The undersigned hereby gives public notice that his wife, Jennie E. Peters, having left his bed and board, he will not be responsible for any debts or obligations contracted by her.

CHARLES H. PETERS,

April 1, 1918.

Aspers, Pa.